Name	/
233/3	Candidate's Signature
CHEMISTRY	Poto
Paper 3	Date
PRACTICAL	
Oct/Nov. 2013	
$2\frac{1}{4}$ hours	

THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

CHEMISTRY

Paper 3

PRACTICAL

 $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours

Instructions to candidates

(a) Write your name and index number in the spaces provided above.

- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in the question paper.
- (d) You are NOT allowed to start working with the apparatus for the first 15 minutes of the $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours allowed for this paper. This time is to enable you to read the question paper and make sure you have all the chemicals and apparatus that you may need.
- (e) All working MUST be clearly shown where necessary.
- (f) Mathematical tables and silent electronic calculators may be used.
- (g) This paper consists of 7 printed pages.
- (h) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (i) Candidates should answer all the questions in English.

For Examiner's use only

Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
1	19	
2	. 12	
3	09	
Total Score	8 15 = 4	25



- 1 You are provided with:
 - solution A, aqueous copper (II) sulphate;
 - solid B, iron powder;
 - 0.02 M acidified potassium manganate (VII), solution C.

You are required to determine the molar heat of displacement of copper by iron.

Procedure I

Using a burette, place 50.0 cm³ of solution A in a 100 ml beaker. Measure the temperature of the solution and record in table 1 below. Add all of solid B provided at once and start a stop watch. Stir the mixture **thoroughly** with the thermometer and record the temperature of the mixture after every one minute in the table. Retain the mixture for use in procedure II below.

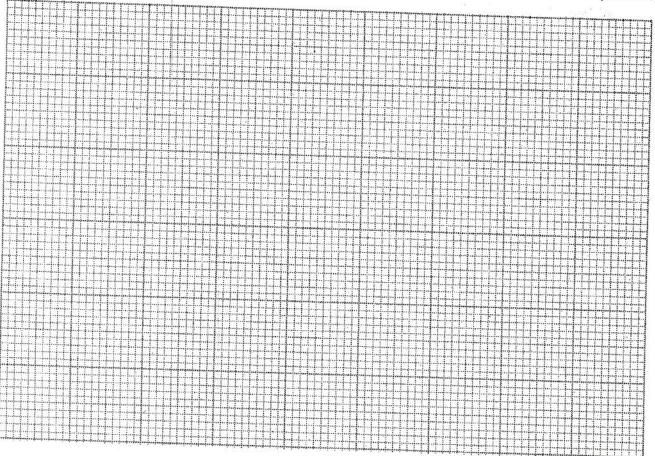
Table 1

Time (Min.)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Temperature (°C)						 		

(3 marks)

(a) (i) Plot a graph of temperature (vertical axis) against time in the grid provided.

(3 marks)





(i	ii) From the graph, determine the	e;			
# B	(I) highest change in tem	perature, Δ	.Т;	E	(1 mark)
	non.				
	(II) time taken for reaction	to be com	pleted.		$(\frac{1}{2} \text{ mark})$
	Res ^{to}				
a a ti	(ii) Calculate the heat change for			c heat capacity	
LCSE PROM	4.2 Jg ⁻¹ K ⁻¹ ; Density of the so	lution is 1	gcm ⁻³).		(2 marks)
8					
Procedu	ro II				
the mixtu 50 cm ³ of water to 1 Fill a bure into a 250 pink colo	cm ³ of distilled water to the residue are to settle and carefully decant into f 2 M sulphuric (VI) acid to the mixing make 250.0 cm ³ of solution. Label to ette with solution C. Using a pipette 0 ml conical flask. Titrate solution I our is obtained. Record your results I complete the table. Retain the rem	the volume ture in the his as solu- and a pipe against so in table 2	netric flask. volumetric tion D. tte filler, pl blution C u below. Rep	Immediately flask. Add make 25.0 cm ³ on til the first poeat the titration	y, add about ore distilled of solution D permanent on two more
	Table 2	I	П	III	
	Final burette reading				
	Initial burette reading				
	Volume of solution C used (cm ³)				
					(4 marks)
(a) D	etermine the average volume of solu	ition C use	d.		$(\frac{1}{2} \text{ mark})$
711					



KNEC 02321002 KCSE

Turn over

- You are provided with solid E. Carry out the following tests and write your observations and inferences in the spaces provided.
 - (a) Place **all** of solid **E** in a boiling tube. Add about 10 cm³ of distilled water and shake thoroughly. Filter the mixture into another boiling tube. **Retain** the filtrate for use in test 2(b) below. Dry the residue using pieces of filter papers.



Observations	Inferences
Bah.	
Jip 5 th	
49	
(1 mark)	(1 mark)

(ii) Place the rest of the residue in a dry test-tube. Add 4 cm³ of 2M hydrochloric acid. **Retain** the mixture for test (iii) below.

	Observations		Inferences	
A			E.	
ia .	(1 mark)		(1 mark)	

(iii) To 2 cm³ of the solution obtained in (ii) above, add 6 cm³ of aqueous ammonia dropwise.

Observation	ıs		10	Inferences		
		*		to.		
 (1 mark)	12			(1 mark)	nd in agus de davis, pe	<u> </u>

(b) (i) To 2 cm³ of the filtrate obtained in (a) above, add about 3 cm³ of aqueous ammonia (Excess).

imerences
(1 mark)



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Turn over

To 2 cm³ of the filtrate, add about 2 cm³ of 2M hydrochloric acid. (ii)

Obs	servations & Cale	Inferences
	*tee	
	Tix Made.	
4	mark)	(1 mark)

To 28m3 of the filtrate, add one or two drops of barium nitrate solution. (iii)

Observations Inferences (1 mark) (1 mark)

You are provided with solid G. Carry out the tests in (a) and (b) and write your observations and inferences in the spaces provided. Describe the method used in part (c).

Place about one third of solid G on a metallic spatula and burn it in a Bunsen burner (a) flame.

Observations		Inferences				
	Ì		w w			
	121					
(1 mark)		(1 mark)				



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- (b) Dissolve all of the remaining solid G in about 10 cm³ of distilled water in a boiling tube. Use the solution for tests (b)(i), (ii) and (c).
 - (i) Place 2 cm³ of the solution in a test-tube and add 2 drops of acidified potassium manganate (VII); solution C.

Observations	Inferences
agers	
S. C.	
(1 mark)	(1 mark)

(ii) To 2 cm³ of the solution, add all of solid sodium hydrogen carbonate provided.

	Observations		Inferences	
	a			
				70 E.
11	(1 mark)	N	(1 mark)	120

(c) Determine the pH of the solution obtained in (b) above.

Method used	Inferences
er en	
	84
(2 marks)	(1 mark)

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